March 23, 2022



Board of Commissioners Coquille Indian Housing Authority Coos Bay, Oregon

1976 Garden Ave. Eugene, OR 97403 541.342.5161 www.islercpa.com

We have audited the financial statements of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority for the year ended September 30, 2021. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. We have communicated such information in our arrangement letter to you dated February 15, 2022. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Findings

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Coquille Indian Housing Authority are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted and the application of existing policies was not changed during. We noted no transactions entered into by the Coquille Indian Housing Authority during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's financial statements are as follows.

Depreciation lives and methods are described in Note 1.I. We evaluated these policies and their application in determining that depreciation expense is reasonable in relation the financial statements taken as a whole.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements are the Long-term debt disclosures.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. we are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during our audit.

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Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated March 18, 2022.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountant

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, like obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the Management's Discussion and Analysis, which is required supplementary information (RSI) that supplements the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the Reconciliation Schedule – Annual Performance Report to Financial Statements, which accompanies the financial statements but is not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

Significant Risks

As indicated in the engagement letter, we identified the following significant risks of material misstatement as part of our audit planning:

- 1. Management override of controls management could bypass controls to misstate financial statements
- 2. Material misstatement due to fraudulent revenue recognition revenue could be recognized in incorrect amounts, accounts, or period by the use of manual journal entries

We addressed these significant risks by performing a review of all manual journal entries made by management affecting fiscal year 2021. We selected a sample of these entries and reviewed the supporting documentation to determine whether the entries were appropriate and accurate. During our review of the journal entries and other testing performed during the audit, we did not note any evidence of improper revenue recognition or the override of internal controls by management.

Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

Isler CPA

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Coos Bay, Oregon

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

WITH

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe)

Board of Commissioners September 30, 2021

Paul Doyle, Chairperson 2668 Mexeye Loop Coos Bay, OR 97420

Denise Hunter, Vice-Chairperson 2673 Mexeye Loop Coos Bay, OR 97420

Robert More, Secretary/Treasurer 950 S. 4th Street Coos Bay, OR 97420

Shawn Chase, Commissioner 4523 Steamboat Circle Rapid City, SD 57702

Donald Garrett, Commissioner 1615 Applewood Drive Coos Bay, OR 97420

Judy Rocha, Commissioner 93549 West Eagle Lane North Bend, OR 97459

Jeffrey Severson, Commissioner 63186 Lapping Drive Coos Bay, OR 97420

Executive Director

Anne Cook 2678 Mexeye Loop Coos Bay, OR 97420

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

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FINANCIAL SECTION



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Commissioners Coquille Indian Housing Authority Coos Bay, Oregon

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority ("the Authority"), a component unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe ("Tribe"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position, changes in financial position and cash flows of the Authority as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

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Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") on pages 3 through 8 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the MD&A in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements. The introductory section and supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations,* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Reconciliation Schedule - IHBG 55IH4102770, the Combining Schedule of Net Position, the Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 18, 2022, on our consideration of the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Islan CPA

Isler CPA March 18, 2022

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Coquille Indian Housing Authority (the Authority), a component unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe, Management's Discussion and Analysis is designed to (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, (b) provide an overview of the Authority's financial activity, and (c) identify changes in the Authority's financial position (its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges).

This Management's Discussion and Analysis is to be presented at the front of each year's financial statements.

Since the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is designed to focus on the current year's activities, resulting changes, and currently known facts, please read it in conjunction with the Authority's financial statements (beginning on page 9).

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- A. The Authority's net position decreased by \$197,209 during 2021. Net positions were \$6,682,425 and \$6,485,216 for 2020 and 2021, respectively.
- B. Operating revenue increased by \$792,829, or 48.2%, during 2021 and was \$1,644,366 and \$2,437,195 for 2020 and 2021, respectively.
- C. The total operating expenses increased by \$778,040, or 38.7%. Total expenses were \$2,012,317 and \$2,790,357 for 2020 and 2021 respectively.
- D. During the period, the Authority was awarded U.S. Department of the Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance funds to prevent homelessness and housing instability for low-income Tribal and other families disproportionately impacted by the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic. Assistance with payment of rents, utilities, and other eligible expenses was provided to lowincome Coquille Tribal members nationwide, other Indian families located within the CIHA service area, and non-Native families located in Coos County. The Authority assisted 145 households during the last six months of FY 2021, reaching an expenditure/obligation rate of 66%.

In FY 2020, the Authority was awarded an IHBG Competitive grant for the purpose of rehabilitating three existing low-income rental units to Section 504 standards and constructing three new Section 504 compliant low-income units. During the period planning activities continued, including preparing draft plans, specifications, and solicitation documents. The project is scheduled to begin in FY 2022.

During the period, the Authority continued to utilize IHBG-CARES funds to respond to the COVID-19 pandemic. Replacement electric HVAC equipment was installed in Authority facilities to improve ventilation and help prevent the spread of COVID-19.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The following outlines the sections included in this report:

Required Supplemental Information

Management's Discussion and Analysis – pages 3-8

Basic Financial Statements

Basic Financial Statements – pages 9-11 Notes to the Financial Statements – pages 12-20

Supplemental Information

Supplementary Information (other than MD&A) - pages 21-23

The primary focus of the Authority's financial statements is on the Authority as a whole, which allows the user to address relevant questions, broaden a basis for comparison, and enhance the Authority's accountability.

Basic Financial Statements

The Basic Financial Statements, presented on pages 9-11, include a <u>Statement of Net Position</u>, which is similar to a Balance Sheet. The Statement of Net Position reports all financial and capital resources for the Authority. The statement is presented in the format where assets, minus liabilities, equal "Net Position", formerly known as equity and net assets. Assets and liabilities are presented in order of liquidity and are classified as "Current" (convertible into cash within one year) and "Non-current".

The focus of the Statement of Net Position is designed to represent the net available liquid (non-capital) assets, net of liabilities, for the entire Authority. Net Position is reported in three broad categories.

Net Investment in Capital Assets: This component of Net Position consists of all capital assets, net accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bond or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position: This component of Net Position consists of restricted assets, when constraints are placed on the asset by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, etc.

Unrestricted Net Position: Consists of Net Assets that do not meet the definition of "Net Investment in Capital Assets" or "Restricted Net Position".

The Basic Financial Statements also include a <u>Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net</u> <u>Position</u> (similar to an Income Statement). This Statement includes Operating Revenues, such as rental income, Operating Expenses, such as administration, utilities, maintenance, and depreciation, and Nonoperating Revenue and Expenses, such as contributions, investment income, and interest expense.

The focus of the Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position is the "Change in Net Position", which is similar to Net Income or Loss.

Finally, the <u>Statement of Cash Flows</u> is included, which discloses net cash provided by or used for operating activities, non-capital financing activities, and from capital and related financing activities.

Financial Reporting Entity

The Authority applies the criteria set forth in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) provisions to determine whether it should include in its reporting potential component units. GASB establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. It defines component units as legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship

with a primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The Authority considered all potential component units in determining what organizations should be included in the financial statements. Based on these criteria, there are no component units to include in the Authority's financial statements.

These standards also stipulate other considerations that the Coquille Indian Tribe must address regarding manifestation of oversight that were considered by the Tribe in its evaluation of the Tribe's organization and activities, including the nature and significance of the relationship with the Tribe. The economic resources of the Authority are held entirely, or almost entirely, for the direct benefit of the Tribe and/or the members of the Tribe, and those resources are significant to the Tribe.

The Tribe's management, under the criteria of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), has determined the Authority meets the criteria as set forth above and, therefore, is considered a component unit of the Tribe.

Indian Housing

Under the Native American Housing Assistance and Self-Determination Act of 1996 (NAHASDA) (25 U.S.C. 4104 et seq.), HUD will provide grants, loan guarantees, and technical assistance to Indian tribes and Alaska Native villages for the development and operation of low-income housing in Indian areas. Grants will be made to eligible recipients under the Indian Housing Block Grant (IHBG) program. To be eligible for the grants, respondents must submit an Indian Housing Plan that meets the minimum requirements of the Act, submit performance reports, and maintain records for HUD monitoring and audit review.

The Authority's mission is to provide access to decent, safe, and affordable housing opportunities for lowincome American Indians and Alaska Natives within the Tribe's federally-designated service area and Coquille Tribal members of all income levels within the U.S.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

The following table reflects the condensed Statement of Net Position compared to the prior year.

Assets	9/30/2021	9/30/2020
Current and other assets	\$ 2,242,468	\$ 1,500,235
Non-current assets	72,563	72,563
Net capital assets	6,420,065	6,678,730
Total assets	8,735,096	8,251,528
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	1,005,092	267,446
Non-current liabilities	1,244,788	1,301,657
Total liabilities	2,249,880	1,569,103
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	5,150,706	5,348,676
Restricted net position	72,563	72,563
Unrestricted net position	1,261,947	1,261,186
Total net position	\$ 6,485,216	\$ 6,682,425

TABLE 1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Net Position

Current assets increased \$742,233. Liabilities increased by \$680,777 resulting from U.S. Department of the Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance Program and Homeowner Assistance Fund funds remaining at September 30, 2021, and increases in CIT MHAP payments and Home Repair program funds received during the period.

Net capital assets also changed, decreasing from \$6,678,730 to \$6,420,065. The decrease is attributed to asset additions, net of current year equipment disposals, and depreciation. For more detail see Capital Assets on pages 7 and 16.

While the results of operations are a significant measure of the Authority's activities, the analysis of the changes in Unrestricted Net Position provides a clearer view of financial well-being.

The following schedule compares the revenue and expenses for the current and previous fiscal years.

0/20/2024	0/20/2020
9/30/2021	9/30/2020
• 4 000 405	()
	\$ 1,130,031
	-
	257,918
	42,781
	50,959
	1,563
	161,114
2,437,195	1,644,366
26,392	4,237
	791,712
	636,443
	258,754
	321,171
	2,012,317
2,730,337	2,012,017
(58,905)	(30,000)
(294,257)	(337,951)
11,765	10,535
43	4
125,935	193,739
(40,695)	(42,606)
97,048	161,672
<u>\$ (197,209)</u>	\$ (176,279)
	$\begin{array}{r} 26,392\\796,964\\1,459,882\\189,574\\317,545\\\hline 2,790,357\\\hline (58,905)\\\hline (294,257)\\\hline 11,765\\43\\125,935\\(40,695)\\\hline 97,048\\\hline \end{array}$

TABLE 2 STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

Major Factors Affecting the Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position

Revenue increased significantly during the fiscal year. U.S. Department of the Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance Program funds expended during the period, non-routine and periodic maintenance on several units, and modifications to Authority facilities to prevent the spread of COVID-19, comprise the increase in operating expenses.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

As of September 30, 2021, the Authority had a net investment of \$6,420,065 in a variety of capital assets as reflected in the following schedule, which represents a net decrease (including additions, deletions, and depreciation) of \$258,665.

	9/30/2021	9/30/2020
Housing development	\$ 8,280,742	\$ 8,280,742
Land improvements	210,345	210,345
Dwelling equipment	57,040	55,655
Equipment/vehicles	251,101	242,298
Maintenance facility	2,267,169	2,250,360
Streets/sidewalks	174,552	174,552
Commercial rental	141,796	141,796
Construction in progress	40,085	13,692
	11,422,830	11,369,440
Accumulated depreciation	(5,002,765)	(4,690,710)
Net capital assets	\$ 6,420,065	\$ 6,678,730

TABLE 3 CAPITAL ASSETS AT YEAR END

The following reconciliation summarizes the change in Capital Assets.

TABLE 4CHANGE IN CAPITAL ASSETS

Beginning balance 10/1/2020 Additions Deletions Depreciation expense Accumulated depreciation – assets deleted Ending balance 9/30/2021	\$ 6,678,730 58,905 (5,515) (317,545) 5,490 \$ 6,420,065
This year's major additions are: Housing development Dwelling equipment purchases Operations and office equipment purchases Total additions	26,393 1,900 <u>30,612</u> \$ 58,905
This year's deletions are: Equipment/vehicles Dwelling equipment disposal Total deletions	5,000 515 \$5,515

Long-term Debt

During fiscal year 2016, the Authority issued *Rental Revenue Bond 2016* to Banner Bank, in the principal amount of \$1,002,500, for construction of the new Projects and Maintenance Operations and Storage Facility. During fiscal year 2021, the Authority paid principal and interest payments totaling \$72,563.

The Authority entered into a loan agreement with the Coquille Indian Tribe during fiscal year 2017, in the principal amount of \$500,000, to provide low-interest financing for additional Projects and Maintenance Operations and Storage Facility construction costs. During fiscal year 2021, the Authority paid principal and interest payments totaling \$28,953.

See Note 6 for additional details.

TABLE 5 CHANGE IN LONG-TERM DEBT

	9/30/2021		9/30/2020	
CIT EDRLF loan	\$	419,188	\$	441,670
Rental revenue bond		850,174		888,384
Compensated absences		75,988		64,590
Total long-term debt	\$	1,345,350	\$	1,394,644

ECONOMIC FACTORS

Significant economic factors affecting the Authority are as follows:

- Federal funding of the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development.
- Local labor supply and demand, which can affect salary and wage rates.
- Local inflationary, recessionary, and employment trends, which can affect resident incomes and, therefore, the amount of rental income.
- Inflationary pressure on utility rates, supplies, and other costs.

FINANCIAL CONTACT

The individual to be contacted regarding this report is Anne Cook, Executive Director of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority, at (541) 888-6501. Specific requests may be submitted to Ms. Cook at 2678 Mexeye Loop, Coos Bay, OR 97420 or by email to annecook@coquilleiha.org.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Statement of Net Position <u>September 30, 2021</u>

ASSETS Current assets Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable HUD Tenants - dwelling rents Other Inventories	\$ 1,367,070 669,085 137,783 11,387 1,040 4,970	
Prepaid expenses	51,133	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
Total current assets		\$2,242,468
Non-current assets Restricted cash and cash equivalents	72,563	72,563
Capital assets Housing development Land improvements Dwelling equipment Equipment/vehicles Maintenance facility Streets/sidewalks Commercial rental Construction in progress Total capital assets	8,280,742 210,345 57,040 251,101 2,267,169 174,552 141,796 40,085 11,422,830	
Accumulated depreciation	(5,002,765)	
Net capital assets	(0,002,7007_	6,420,065
Total non-current assets		6,492,628
Total assets		8,735,096
LIABILITIES Current liabilities Accounts payable Accrued expenses Accrued compensated absences - current Tenant security deposits Interest payable Advanced tenant rents Advanced CIT MHAP funds Advanced CIT Home Repair Program funds Advaced Energize South Coast DHP funds Advaced Treasury ERA funds Advanced Treasury HAF funds CIT EDRLF Ioan payable - current Rental revenue bond payable - current Total current liabilities	\$ 23,546 23,216 37,994 53,865 2,839 54,068 86,777 35,000 9,000 532,037 84,182 22,821 39,747	1,005,092
Non-current liabilities Accrued compensated absences - non-current CIT EDRLF loan payable - non-current Rental revenue bond payable - non-current Total non-current liabilities Total liabilities NET POSITION	37,994 396,367 <u>810,427</u>	<u> </u>
Net investment in capital assets Restricted net position - debt reserve Unrestricted net position	5,150,706 72,563 <u>1,261,947</u>	
Total net position		\$ 6,485,216

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

10

OPERATING REVENUE		
HUD grants	\$	1,086,125
U.S. Treasury ERA grant		883,453
Rent income		281,149
Lease income		42,781
HomeGO income		46,820
Interest income		2,307
Other income	_	94,560
Total operating revenue		2,437,195
OPERATING EXPENSES/EXPENDITURES		
Modernization and rehabilitation		26,392
General operation		796,964
Housing services and management		1,459,882
Planning and administration		189,574
Depreciation		317,545
Total operating expenses/expenditures		2,790,357
Less capital expenditures, reclassified		(58,905)
Net operating income (loss)		(294,257)
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES)		
UWCW CEFCO Census Grant		11,765
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment		43
Interest expense		(40,695)
CIT occupancy tax		26,510
CIT MHAP funds	_	99,425
Total net non-operating revenue (expenses)		97,048
Change in net position		(197,209)
TOTAL NET POSITION, BEGINNING		6,682,425
TOTAL NET POSITION, ENDING	\$	6,485,216

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Statement of Cash Flows For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Tor the real Linded September 50, 2021		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES HUD grants U.S. Treasury grants Rent received from tenants Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services Cash payments to employees for services and related costs Other operating revenues Interest income	\$	1,225,897 1,499,672 308,444 (1,551,132) (791,336) 184,161 2,307
Net cash provided by operating activities		878,013
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Energize South Coast DHP funds CIT occupancy tax CIT MHAP funds CIT Home Repair program	-	9,000 26,510 134,000 35,000
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		204,510
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Gain from disposal of equipment Modernization and acquisition of capital assets Rental revenue bond principal paid Rental revenue bond interest paid CIT EDRLF loan principal paid CIT EDRLF loan interest paid	-	68 (58,905) (38,210) (34,353) (22,482) (6,471)
Net cash (used) by capital and related financing activities		(160,353)
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	-	922,170
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	1,186,548
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$	2,108,718
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Net operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile change in net position to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$_	(294,257)
Depreciation (Increase) Decrease in:		317,545
Receivables Prepaid expenses Inventory Increase (Decrease) in: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Deposits/payments		192,013 (8,217) (3,860) (261) 12,641 618,262
Advanced tenant rents	_	44,147
Total adjustments	-	1,172,270
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	878,013

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to the financial statements consist of a summary of significant accounting policies and all additional information necessary for a fair presentation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

The Coquille Indian Housing Authority (the Authority) was duly created pursuant to the authority of the Constitution and Statutes of the Coquille Indian Tribe of Oregon (Tribe), particularly Coquille Tribal Ordinance No. 01-CY9233-A, adopted on May 12, 1992. The purpose of the Authority is to establish decent, safe, and sanitary housing for low-income Coquille Tribal members and other Native Americans. The operations of the Authority are separate from those of the Coquille Indian Tribe (see Note 1 B, following). Commissioners are appointed by the Coquille Tribal Council for terms of three years or such other period specified by the Tribal Council. All vacancies are filled for the unexpired term. Typically, Commissioners are nominated by the Board of Commissioners and nominations are presented to the Coquille Tribal Council for appointment. Programs for which federal funding was received by the Authority include contracts with the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The Indian Housing Block Grant Program (IHBG) is the principle funding source for the Authority.

The accounting policies of the Authority conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Authority applies all relevant Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The Authority considered all potential component units in determining what organizations should be included in the financial statements. A decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth by the GASB. The concept underlying the definition of the reporting entity is that the elected or appointed officials are accountable. The Coquille Indian Housing Authority has no component units to be included in these financial statements.

These standards also stipulate other considerations that the Coquille Indian Tribe must address regarding manifestation of oversight that were considered by the Tribe in its evaluation of the Tribe's organization and activities, including the nature and significance of the relationship with the Tribe. The economic resources of the Authority are held entirely, or almost entirely, for the direct benefit of the Tribe and/or the members of the Tribe, and those resources are significant to the Tribe.

The Tribe's management has determined the Authority meets the criteria as set forth above and, therefore, is considered a component unit of the Tribe.

C. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Authority are organized and operated on the basis of a single proprietary fund, which is categorized as an enterprise fund. Enterprise funds are proprietary funds used to account for business-type activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by HUD grants and tenant rent charges. The measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector.

The Authority has elected to use internal management funds to track activity related to different funding sources, these funds are combined for purposes of this statement.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus is a term used to describe which transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Proprietary funds utilize an *economic resources* measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net assets (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, or economic asset used.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Authority's enterprise funds are HUD grants and rent. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of services, administration expenses, and deprecation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Authority considers demand deposits and investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows. Unrestricted cash, as well as restricted cash available to pay current liabilities, are considered cash and cash equivalents for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Budgets for the Authority are established within its Indian Housing Plan, which is approved by the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's Board of Commissioners and Coquille Tribal Council, then submitted to the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development for approval.

G. Accounts Receivable – Tenants

Accounts receivable represent amounts due from tenants. It is the practice of the Authority to write off uncollectible receivables only upon approval of the Board of Commissioners after exhausting reasonable efforts to collect amounts due. No allowance for doubtful accounts is used in the valuation of receivables.

H. Accounts Receivable – HUD

The receivables from HUD pertaining to the housing program are shown as the amount for which reimbursement is requested for expenditures under the Indian Housing Block Grant (IHBG) program.

I. Inventory

Inventory is recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. During the period, inventory was comprised of appliances and materials used for maintenance repairs.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial cost of \$300 or more, and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are carried at cost. Purchases of furniture and equipment, real property acquisition, and construction of low-income housing are capitalized in the financial statements. Maintenance and repair of a routine nature are charged to expenses as incurred and not capitalized. Generally, depreciation is recorded over the estimated useful life of the asset: buildings and improvements 10 to 40 years, and furniture and equipment 3 to 10 years. Management, at its discretion, considers warranties and compares assets with similar entities to determine reasonable useful life. Depreciation expense for the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$317,545.

K. Vested Compensated Absences and Extended Illness Benefits

Vested compensated absences and extended illness benefits are accrued in the amount of \$75,988 at September 30, 2021, with one half, each, reported as current and non-current liabilities, as follows:

	Balance <u>10/1/2020</u>	Additions	Used	Balance <u>9/30/2021</u>	Due Within One Year
Compensated absences payable	<u>\$ 64,590</u>	<u>\$ 96,570</u>	<u>\$ 85,172</u>	<u>\$ 75,988</u>	<u>\$ 37,994</u>

L. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditures) until then. The Authority does not have an item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate item for deferred inflows and resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Authority does not have an item that qualifies for reporting in this category. See Note 4 for additional information.

N. Net Position

Net position comprises the various net earnings from operations, non-operating revenues, expenses, and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following categories:

- <u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> Consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bond or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- <u>Restricted Net Position</u> Consists of external constraints placed on the net position used by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. In compliance with the terms of Rental Revenue Bond 2016, the Authority has deposits of \$72,563 in a debt service reserve account that is considered restricted. See Note 6.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> – Consists of all other items that are not included in the above categories.

It is the Authority's policy to first use restricted net position prior to the use of unrestricted net positions when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Deposits – Cash balances on deposit with local banks are collateralized by FDIC Insurance and U.S. Government obligations under two separate sweep repurchase (REPO) agreements. The carrying value of the Authority's funds at September 30, 2021 was \$2,108,178. The bank balance was \$2,170,545 as of September 30, 2021.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. The Authority has a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. All deposits are held in the name of the Authority and are collateralized by their local bank under a REPO Investment Sweep Account Agreements starting May 12, 2015. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents approximates fair value.

Cash is comprised of the following at September 30, 2021.

Bank Account	Туре	Institution	Balance	Interest
Operating/General Fund Operating Reserves Resident Deposits Treasury ERA Reserves Debt Service Bond Debt Reserve Bond Total bank accounts	Checking Money Market Money Market Money Market Money Market Money Market	Banner Bank Banner Bank Banner Bank Banner Bank Banner Bank Banner Bank	\$ (11,304) 1,193,847 52,866 788,078 12,120 <u>72,571</u> 2,108,178	0.00% 0.08% 0.03% 0.09% 0.03% 0.03%
Cash on hand Change fund Petty cash	Cash Cash Cash		191 100 249	
Total cash			<u>\$ 2,108,718</u>	

NOTE 3 – RESTRICTED CASH

Restricted cash in the amount of \$741,648 at September 30, 2021 consists of amounts on deposit in separate bank accounts for security, pet, and lot deposits, funds received from the U.S. Department of the Treasury Emergency Rental Assistance Program and Homeowner Assistance Fund, and deposits required under the Rental Revenue Bond 2016 agreement described in Note 6.

NOTE 4 – DEFERRED INFLOWS

Proprietary funds report deferred revenue in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. In the basic financial statements these unearned revenues are considered deferred inflows (Note 1 L). These financial statements report deferred inflows (revenue) only for those amounts that have been received but not yet earned. The Authority does not have an item that qualifies for reporting in this category.

NOTE 5 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Non-depreciable capital	Balance 10/1/2020	Additions	Deletions	Balance 9/30/2021
Construction in progress	<u>\$ 13,692</u>	\$ 26,393	<u>\$</u> -	\$ 40,085
Depreciable capital assets:				
Housing development	8,280,742	-	-	8,280,742
Land improvements	210,345	-	-	210,345
Dwelling equipment	55,655	1,900	(515)	57,040
Equipment/vehicles	242,298	13,803	(5,000)	251,101
Maintenance facility	2,250,360	16,809	-	2,267,169
Streets/sidewalks	174,552	-	-	174,552
Commercial rental	141,796	-		141,796
Total depreciable capital	11,355,748	32,512	(5,515)	11,382,745
Total capital assets	11,369,440	58,905	(5,515)	11,422,830
Accumulated depreciation:				
Housing development	4,008,106	230,144	-	4,238,250
Land improvements	149,824	13,933	-	163,757
Dwelling equipment	41,788	4,897	490	46,195
Equipment/vehicles	188,988	10,279	5,000	194,267
Maintenance facility	122,757	49,739	-	172,496
Streets/sidewalks	120,830	4,193	-	125,023
Commercial rental	58,417	4,360		62,777
Total accumulated	4,690,710	317,545	5,490	5,002,765
Capital assets, net	\$ 6,678,730	\$ (258,640)	\$ (25)	\$ 6,420,065

A summary of changes in land improvements, structures, and equipment follows:

NOTE 6 – LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Rental Revenue Bond 2016

During fiscal year 2016, the Board of Commissioners approved the issuance of Rental Revenue Bond 2016 (the Bond) to Banner Bank, in the principal amount of \$1,002,500. The direct borrowing was issued for construction of the new Projects and Maintenance Operations and Storage Facility (PMOSF). The Authority pledged gross rental revenue to pay the principal and interest payments on the Bond. The ratio of pledged rental revenue to gross rental revenue was 25.8% for FY 2021. Terms of the Bond contain a provision in the event any monthly installment is not paid when due, the Authority is obligated to pay interest on the principal portion of the installment at the same rate provided in the Bond from and after its payment date until the installment, both principal and interest, is paid in full. As of September 30, 2021, the unpaid balance of the Bond was \$850,174.

The interest rate of 3.89% is fixed for the first ten years and was based upon the Des Moines Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) ten-year Fixed-Rate Advances – Regular Advance Rate plus 0.85%. At the start of the eleventh and sixteenth amortization years, interest rates will be adjusted based upon the then current FHLB five-year Fixed-Rate Advances – Regular Advance Rate plus 1.39%.

For as long as any principal amount is outstanding, terms of the Bond require the Authority to maintain a Debt Service Reserve bank account. The amount on deposit must equal the lesser of (i) 10% of the initial principal amount of the Bond \$100,250, (ii) the maximum annual debt service on the Bond \$72,563, or (iii) 125% of the average annual debt service on the Bond \$90,704. Accordingly, the debt service amount on deposit at September 30, 2021 was \$72,563.

Future bond principal and interest payments at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Balance
Beginning rental revenue bond ba	alance		850,174
2022	\$ 39,747	\$ 32,816	810,427
2023	41,370	31,192	769,057
2024	42,924	29,639	726,133
2025	44,731	27,832	681,402
2026	46,527	26,036	634,875
2027-2031	262,141	100,675	372,734
2032-2036	319,196	43,620	53,538
2037	<u>53,538</u>	884	-
Totals	<u>\$ 850,174</u>	<u>\$ 292,694</u>	

Total interest paid in the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$34,353.

B. Coquille Indian Tribe – Economic Development Revolving Loan Fund (EDRLF)

The Authority entered into a loan agreement with the Coquille Indian Tribe (the Tribe) on June 28, 2017 to provide low-interest financing for additional PMOSF construction costs. The direct borrowing of \$500,000 was received on January 22, 2018. The 20-year loan repayment period commenced on February 20, 2018. The loan agreement contains a provision that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due and payable. As of September 30, 2021, the unpaid balance of the loan was \$419,188.

The interest rate of 1.5% is fixed for the first five years. The Tribe, in its sole discretion, may adjust the interest rate on the fifth, tenth, and fifteenth anniversary dates of the loan, provided that any adjustments to the interest rate do not exceed the average annual rate of return, net of fees, of the Tribe's most conservative investment portfolio during the previous five-year period.

Future loan principal and interest payments at September 30, 2021 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Principal	Interest	Balance
Beginning loan balance			419,188
5 5	¢ 00.004	¢ 0.400	,
2022	\$ 22,821	\$ 6,132	396,367
2023	23,167	5,786	373,200
2024	23,516	5,437	349,684
2025	23,871	5,082	325,813
2026	24,231	4,722	301,582
2027-2031	126,759	18,005	174,823
2032-2036	136,627	8,137	38,196
2037-2038	38,196	407	-
Totals	<u>\$ 419,188</u>	<u>\$ 53,708</u>	

Total interest paid in the year ended September 30, 2021 was \$6,471.

C. Changes in Long-term Debt

A summary of changes in long-term debt follows:

		eginning Balance	Ac	Iditions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance		Amounts ue Within One Year
CIT EDRLF loan Rental revenue bond Compensated absences	\$	441,670 888,384 64,590	\$	- - 96,570	\$	22,482 38,210 85,172	\$ 419,188 850,174 75,988	\$	22,821 39,747 37,994
Total long-term debt	\$ [·]	1,394,644	\$	96,570	\$	145,864	\$ 1,345,350	\$	100,562

NOTE 7 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and, natural disasters. The Authority carries commercial insurance for these risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three years.

NOTE 8 – CURRENT VULNERABILITY DUE TO CERTAIN CONCENTRATIONS

The operations of the Authority are subject to the administrative directives, rules, and regulations of federal, state, local, and Tribal regulatory agencies. Such administrative directives, rules, and regulations are subject to change by an Act of Congress or an administrative change mandated by HUD or other governing body. Such changes may occur with little notice or inadequate funds to pay for the related cost, including the additional administrative burden, to comply with a change. HUD funding represents 44.6% of the Authority's operating revenue for the period.

NOTE 9 – CONTINGENCIES

Costs charged to the grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agency. Therefore, to the extent that the Authority has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any funds received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at September 30, 2021 may be impaired. In the opinion of the Authority, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants. Therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying Financial Statements for such contingencies. The Authority is subject to examination by federal authorities that determine compliance with terms, conditions, laws, and regulations governing grants given to the Authority in the current and prior years.

NOTE 10 – PENSION PLAN

On April 1, 2007, the Authority began participation in the Coquille Indian Tribe Governmental 401(k) Plan. Eligibility in the plan is available to all employees over the age of 18, regularly scheduled to work 20 or more hours per week, after a 90-day probationary period. The Authority expends a basic contribution of 10% of eligible employees' gross income on each payroll date. Employees are allowed to participate by making separate pre-tax and/or ROTH contributions at each payroll date. On behalf of participating employees, the Authority expends a matching contribution, dollar for dollar, up to 2.5% of participating employees' wages. All basic and matching contributions made by the Authority to the Plan on behalf of eligible employees are fully vested and non-forfeitable. For the year ended September 30, 2021, the Authority contributed approximately \$67,855 to the 401(k) Plan retirement program.

Name	<u>Relationship</u>	Amount Paid (Received) During the Year Ended September 30, 2021
The Mill Casino-Hotel (food, lodging, and transportation)	*	\$ 6,375
Coquille Indian Tribe	Note 1 A	
Police Department		30,000
Reimbursements		1,756
EDRLF loan principal and interest payments		28,953
CIT transit tax		713
Lease arrangements (see Note 12, below)		
Tribal housing lease		1
Maintenance shop		(19,200)
Police office		(2,400)
Police garage		(1)
791A-E Miluk Drive		(23,580)
Elders activity center		(1,400)
CIT Contributions		
Occupancy tax	Note 1 A	(26,510)
MHAP funds	Note 1 A	(134,000)
Home repair program		(35,000)
Reimbursements		(7,575)

NOTE 11 - IDENTITY AND NATURE OF INTEREST AND RELATED PARTIES

* The Mill Casino-Hotel is owned and operated by the Coquille Economic Development Corporation, a component unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe.

NOTE 12 – LEASES

On March 31, 2008, the Coquille Indian Housing Authority, as sublessor, entered into a sublease agreement with the Coquille Indian Tribe for a Commercial Rental premises on Coquille Tribal Lands for a \$1,600 per month operating lease (\$19,200 annually). The premises consist of a 4,000 square foot building space constructed by the Authority with total associated grounds comprised of approximately 19,220 square feet. The fixed lease term expired March 31, 2009, at which time it converted to a month to month lease.

Another operating lease (also with the Authority as sublessor) between the Authority and the Tribe entails office space for use by the Coquille Indian Tribal Police Department. The current lease term began October 1, 2008 and automatically renews for succeeding 1-year terms thereafter unless one of the parties takes action to terminate. The lease fee is \$2,400 per year. The agreement remained in effect during the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021.

The Authority is also party to an operating lease (with the Authority as sublessor) between the Authority and the Tribe for the land upon which the Tribe has constructed a garage for the Coquille Indian Tribal Police Department. The lease is dated August 28, 2010 and is for a term of 20 years. The lease fee is \$1 per year.

On May 1, 2015, the Authority (as sublessor) entered into a business sublease with Coos County for office space for use by the South Coast Interagency Narcotics Team. The lease renews automatically for succeeding 1-year terms on July 1st of each year unless action is taken, by either party to terminate. Coos County terminated the lease during the period.

Another business sublease (also with the Authority as sublessor) between the Authority and the Tribe entails five rental spaces located at the Authority's Projects and Maintenance Operations and Storage Facility, which are used for various Tribal governmental purposes. The current lease term began April 1, 2018 and automatically renews for succeeding 1-year terms thereafter, unless action is taken

in accordance with the provisions of the lease by either party to terminate. The lease fee is \$23,580 per year.

On June 1, 2019, the Authority, as sublessor, entered into another business sublease with the Coquille Indian Tribe for an elders activity center located within the housing community on Coquille Tribal Lands. The current lease term automatically renews for subsequent 1-year terms on the execution date unless action is taken to terminate the lease by either party. The lease fee is \$2,400 per year.

NOTE 13 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Professional standards require evaluation and disclosure of significant events affecting the Authority that take place subsequent to the fiscal year ended September 30, 2021. During the period it was noted by the Authority that there were discrepancies in the Authority's records relating to IHBG Formula Current Assisted Stock unit classifications, resulting in incorrect reporting to HUD. On February 14, 2022, HUD issued a determination letter seeking to recapture funds overpaid to the Authority during an eight-year period. At the date of this report, the Authority has requested reconsideration of the determination to limit repayment for a lessor term. HUD determined overpayments will reduce the Authority's FY 2022 allocation.

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Reconciliation Schedule Annual Performance Report to Financial Statements - IHBG 55IH4102770 For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Activity	IHBG Funds Charged in <u>Current Year</u>	Other Funds Expended	Total Funds Expended From All Sources	IHBG Funds <u>Remaining</u>
Accessibility Modifications to Rental Units	\$ 2,954	\$ 9,718	\$ 12,672	\$ 12,046
Conversion of Rental Units to Homebuyer Units	-	-		30,000
Operation and Maintenance of 1937 Housing Act Units	340,798	312,274	653,072	44,362
Development of Accessible Rental Units	2,954	10,766	13,720	17,046
Tenant Based Rental Assistance	220,133	125,935	346,068	100,000
Housing Services	11,363	-	11,363	-
Housing Management Services	218,998	-	218,998	50,000
Operation and Maintenance of NAHASDA Units	27,255	-	27,255	30,000
Crime Prevention and Safety	30,000	-	30,000	-
Planning and Administration	189,574	-	189,574	-
Loan Repayment		101,516	101,516	
	\$	\$ 560,209	\$ 1,604,238	\$ 283,454
	IHBG-C V CEFCO Census U.S. Treasur Bond Prir Loan Prir Bond Int Loan Int Non-pr	Leave payable ARES expense Grant expense y ERA expense ocipal payments cipal payments erest payments erest payments ogram expense	317,545 11,397 21,612 11,765 883,453 (38,210) (22,482) (34,353) (6,471) 41,863 \$ 2,790,357	-
	Accessibility Modifications to Rental Units Conversion of Rental Units to Homebuyer Units Operation and Maintenance of 1937 Housing Act Units Development of Accessible Rental Units Tenant Based Rental Assistance Housing Services Housing Management Services Operation and Maintenance of NAHASDA Units Crime Prevention and Safety Planning and Administration Loan Repayment	Activity Charged in Current Year Accessibility Modifications to Rental Units \$ 2,954 Conversion of Rental Units to Homebuyer Units - - Operation and Maintenance of 1937 Housing Act Units 340,798 - Development of Accessible Rental Units 2,954 - Tenant Based Rental Assistance 220,133 - Housing Services 11,363 - Poperation and Maintenance of NAHASDA Units 27,255 - Crime Prevention and Safety 30,000 - Planning and Administration 189,574 - Loan Repayment - - - VWCWV CEFCO Census U.S. Treasur Bond Prir Loan Prir Bond Int Loan Int Non-prir - -	ActivityCharged in Current YearOther Funds ExpendedAccessibility Modifications to Rental Units\$2,954\$9,718Conversion of Rental Units to Homebuyer UnitsOperation and Maintenance of 1937 Housing Act Units340,798312,274Development of Accessible Rental Units2,95410,766Tenant Based Rental Assistance220,133125,935Housing Services11,363-Housing Management Services218,998-Operation and Maintenance of NAHASDA Units30,000-Crime Prevention and Safety30,000-Planning and Administration189,574-Loan Repayment	HBG Funds Charged in current YearOther Funds ExpendedExpended From All SourcesAccessibility Modifications to Rental Units\$ 2,954\$ 9,718\$ 12,672Conversion of Rental Units to Homebuyer UnitsOperation and Maintenance of 1937 Housing Act Units340,798312,274653,072Development of Accessible Rental Units2,95410,76613,720Development of Accessible Rental Units2,95410,76613,720Tenant Based Rental Assistance220,133125,935346,068Housing Services11,363-11,363Housing Management Services218,998218,998218,998Operation and Maintenance of NAHASDA Units27,255-27,255Crime Prevention and Safety Banning and Administration189,574101,516101,516\$ 1,044,029\$ 560,209\$ 1,604,23811,397UWCW CEFCO Census URA expense Bond Principal payments21,61211,375UWCW CEFCO Census URA expense Bond Principal payments32,21013,210Loan Principal payments Bond Interest payments(34,353)13,64,711Non-program expense11,76532,21013,220Loan Interest payments Bond Interest payments(34,353)14,863Additional payments Bond Interest payments Bond Interest payments(34,353)Additional Principal payments Bond Principal payments Bond Interest payments(34,353)HBG-CARES expense Bond Interest payments Bond

		Combining/	U.S. Departmen	U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development	an Development	U.S. Department of the Treasury	of the Treasury
	Combining Totals	Accrual Adjustments	IHBG	IHBG-CARES	IHBG-CG	ERA	HAF
ASSETS							
Current assets	¢ 1 267 070	÷	¢ 1 267 070	÷	÷	÷	÷
Cash and cash equivalents Restricted cash and cash equivalents	¢ 1,307,070 669,085	• •	\$ 1,301,010 52,866	• •	• •	ф 532,037	ф 84,182
Receivables							
HUD	137,783		137,783				
Tenants Other	11,387		11,387				
Unter-fund receivables		(255.936)	255.936				
Inventories	4,970		4,970				
Prepaid expenses	51,133	'	51,126		'	7	'
Total current assets	2,242,468	(255,936)	1,882,178	•	•	532,044	84,182
Non-current assets							
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	72,563	•	72,563	•	•	•	'
Capital assets							
Housing development	8,280,742		8,280,741				ı
Land improvements	210,345 57	•	210,345	•	•		
Dwelling equipment	57,040	•	57,040	- 070 70	•	•	•
Equipment/vehicles	251,101		229,489	21,612			
Maintenance tacility Stroctofolio	2,261,169		2,261,169			1	
Commercial rental	141 796		141 796				
Construction in progress	40,085	'	19,601	•	20,484	'	•
	11,422,830	ı	11,380,734	21,612	20,484	ı	ı
Less: accumulated depreciation	(5,002,765)	I	(5,002,765)	I	I		•
Total capital assets, net	6,420,065	'	6,377,969	21,612	20,484		•
Total non-current assets	6,492,628		6,450,532	21,612	20,484	•	
Total assets	\$ 8,735,096	\$ (255,936)	\$8,332,710	\$ 21,612	\$ 20,484	\$ 532,044	\$ 84,182

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Combining Schedule of Net Position 9/30/2021

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Current liabilities Accounts payable	\$ 23,546	۰ ب	\$ 17,416	ب ب	' ب	\$ 6,130	م
Inter-fund payables	•	(255,936)				255,936	
Accrued expenses	23,216	ı	18,429	ı	ı	4,787	ı
Accrued compensated absences - current	37,994	ı	37,994	ı	ı	ı	·
Tenant security deposits	53,865		53,865				·
Interest payable	2,839		2,839				
Advanced tenant rents	54,068		4,418			49,650	
Advanced CIT MHAP funds	86,777		86,777			•	
Advanced CIT Home Repair funds	35,000		35,000				
Advanced Energize SC DHP funds	9,000		9,000				
Advanced Treasury ERA funds	532,037					532,037	
Advanced Treasury HAF funds	84,182						84,182
CIT EDRLF loan payable - current	22,821		22,821				
Rental revenue bond payable - current	39,747		39,747	'			
Total current liabilities	1,005,092	(255,936)	328,306	ı	I	848,540	84,182
Non-current liabilities Accrued compareated absences - non-current	70075		70072				
CIT EDRLF loan pavable - non-current	396.367		396.367				
Rental revenue bond payable - non-current	810,427	•	810,427	•	·	T	I
Total non-current liabilities	1,244,788		1,244,788		ı		
Total liabilities	2,249,880	(255,936)	1,573,094		I	848,540	84,182
NET POSITION Net Investment in capital assets Restricted net position - debt reserve Unrestricted net position	5,150,706 72,563 1,261,947		5,108,610 72,563 1,261,951	21,612 -	20,484 -		
Total net position	\$6.485.216	- 	\$6.443.120	\$ 21.612	\$ 20.484	' ج	÷
	0,1,00,00	÷	01-02-02-02-02-02-02-02-02-02-02-02-02-02-			÷	

LIABILITIES

<u>Exhibit E</u>

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Combining Schedules of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		U.	S. Department	of	Housing and Urba	an D	evelopment	U.	S. Departmer	nt of t	he Treasury
	Combining Totals		IHBG		IHBG-CARES		IHBG-CG		ERA		HAF
OPERATING REVENUES											
HUD grants	\$ 1,086,125	\$	1,044,029	\$	21,612	\$	20,484	\$	-	\$	-
U.S. Treasury grants	883,453		-		-		-		883,453		-
Rent income	281,149		281,149		-		-		-		-
Lease income	42,781		42,781		-		-		-		-
HomeGO income	46,820		46,820		-		-		-		-
Interest income	2,307		1,212		-		-		1,083		12
Other income	94,560	-	94,560			_	-		-	_	-
Total operating revenues	2,437,195	_	1,510,551		21,612	_	20,484		884,536	_	12
OPERATING EXPENSES											
Modernization and rehabilitation	26,392		5,908		-		20,484		-		-
General operation	796,964		775,352		21,612				-		-
Housing services and management	1,459,882		576,429		-		-		883,453		-
Planning and administration	189,574		189,574		-		-		-		-
Depreciation	317,545	_	317,545			_	-		-	_	-
Total operating expenses	2,790,357	_	1,864,808		21,612	_	20,484		883,453	_	-
Less capital expenditures reclassified	(58,905)	_	(16,809)		(21,612)	_	(20,484)		-	_	-
Operating income (loss)	(294,257)	_	(337,448)		21,612	_	20,484		1,083	_	12
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES	3)										
UWCW CEFCO Census Grant	11,765		11,765		-		-		-		-
Gain (loss) on disposal of equipment	43		43		-		-		-		-
Interest Expense	(40,695)		(40,695)		-		-		-		-
CIT occupancy tax	26,510		26,510		-		-		-		-
CIT MHAP funds	99,425	_	99,425			_	-	_	-	_	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	97,048	_	97,048			_				_	-
Change in net assets	(197,209)		(240,400)		21,612		20,484		1,083		12
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	6,682,425	_	6,682,425			_			-	_	-
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 6,485,216	\$_	6,442,025	\$	21,612	\$	20,484	\$	1,083	\$	12

SINGLE AUDIT REPORTS AND SCHEDULES



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Commissioners Coquille Indian Housing Authority Coos Bay, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority (Authority), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 18, 2022.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Authority's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Authority's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Isler CPA

Isler CPA Eugene, Oregon March 18, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Commissioners Coquille Indian Housing Authority Coos Bay, Oregon

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2021. The Coquille Indian Housing Authority's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Coquille Indian Housing Authority complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended September 30, 2021.

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Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Jahr CPA

Isler CPA

Eugene, Oregon March 18, 2022

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

SECTION I – Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>Unmodif</u>	ied		
Internal control over financial reporting:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	\checkmark	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	\checkmark	None reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	\checkmark	No
Federal Awards				
Internal control over major programs:				
Material weakness(es) identified?		Yes	_	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?		Yes	_	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	<u>Unmodif</u>	ied		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with subsection 200.516 of 2 CFR 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards?		Yes	_ √	None reported
Identification of major programs:				
<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 21.023 <u>Name of Federal Program</u> Emergency Rental Assist				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	§ <u>750,000</u>			
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	 Image: A start of the start of	Yes		No
SECTION II – Financial Statement Findings				
No matters were reported.				

SECTION III – Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No matters were reported.

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Grant or Program Number	_	Program or Award Amount
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development Office of Native American Programs				
Indian Housing Block Grant Indian Housing Block Grant Indian Housing Block Grant-Competitive Indian Housing Block Grant-CARES	14.867 14.867 14.867	55IH4102770 20ICOR02770 20BV4102770	\$	1,327,483 1,274,985 339,235
Total HUD awards U.S. Department of the Treasury American Rescue Plan Act of 2021			\$_	2,941,703
Emergency Rental Assistance Program Homeowner Assistance Fund	21.023 21.026	ERA0594 HAF0249	\$	1,415,490 841,816
Total U.S. Treasury awards			\$	2,257,306
Total awards			\$_	5,199,009

	Accounts Payable (Receivable) Oct. 1	Federal Receipts		Federal Expenditures	 Accounts Payable (Receivable) Sept. 30
\$ \$	(131,755) \$ - (145,801) (277,556) \$	1,038,001 20,484 167,413 1,225,898	\$ \$	1,044,029 20,484 21,612 1,086,125	 (137,783) - - (137,783)
\$	- \$	1,415,490 84,182	\$	883,453 -	\$ 532,037 84,182
\$	\$	1,499,672	\$	883,453	\$ 616,219
\$	(277,556) \$	2,725,570	\$	1,969,578	\$ 478,436

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

NOTE 1 – BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority under programs of the federal government for the year ended September 30, 2021. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority.

NOTE 2 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING

Expenses reported on the schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, modified to include capital asset expenditures. Such expenses are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 3 – INDIRECT COST RATE

The Authority has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NOTE 4 – SUBRECIPIENTS

No awards were passed through to sub-recipients in the year ended September 30, 2021.

COQUILLE INDIAN HOUSING AUTHORITY (A Component Unit of the Coquille Indian Tribe) Coos Bay, Oregon

HUD PROJECT NO. 55IH4102770 For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2021

CERTIFICATION OF PROJECT OWNER

We hereby certify that we have examined the accompanying financial statements and supplemental data of the Coquille Indian Housing Authority HUD Project as shown above and, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the same are accurate and complete.

Anne F. Cook, Executive Director

Paul E. Doyle, Chairperson

Employer Identification Number 93-1133051

Date

Date