Subpart B – Lender Eligibility and Requirements

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§ 1005.201 Eligible lenders.

- (a) The following lenders are approved to participate in the program.
- (1) Any lender approved by HUD for participation in the single-family mortgage insurance program under Title II of the National Housing Act;
- (2) Any lender whose housing loans under chapter 37 of title 38, United States Code are automatically guaranteed pursuant to 38 U.S.C. § 3702(d);
- (3) Any lender approved by the U.S. Department of Agriculture to make guaranteed loans for single family housing under the Housing Act of 1949;
- (4) Any other lender that is supervised, approved, regulated, or insured by any other agency of the United States, including but not limited to Community Development Financial Institutions; or
- (5) Any other lender may apply for approval by the Secretary in accordance with § 1005.203.

(b) Lenders approved in accordance with 1005.201(a) must submit an intent to participate on form as prescribed by the Secretary to HUD 30 days before first action.

§ 1005.203 Other lender application process.

- (a) Other Lender Application Process. To apply for eligibility as a lender under § 1005.201(a)(5), a lender must submit a completed application package to HUD for approval, on a form prescribed by the Secretary.
- (b) *Special requirements*. The lender must establish that it meets the following qualifications:
- (1) Business Form. The lender shall be a corporation or other chartered institution, a permanent organization having succession, or a partnership, organized under Tribal or state law.
 - (i) Partnership Requirements. A partnership must meet the following requirements:
- (A) Each general partner must be a corporation or other chartered institution consisting of two or more persons.
- (B) One general partner must be designated as the managing general partner. The managing general partner shall also comply with the requirements specified in paragraphs (a)(1)(i)(C) and (D) of this section. The managing general partner must have as its principal activity the management of one or more partnerships, all of which are mortgage lenders or property improvement or manufactured home lenders and must have exclusive authority to deal directly with the Secretary on behalf of each partnership. Newly admitted partners must agree to the management of the partnership by the designated managing general partner. If the managing general partner withdraws or is removed from the partnership for any reason, a new managing

general partner shall be substituted, and the Secretary must be notified in writing within 15 days of the substitution.

- (C) The partnership agreement shall specify that the partnership shall exist for the minimum term of years required by the Secretary. All Section 184 guaranteed loans held by the partnership shall be transferred to a lender approved under this part prior to the termination of the partnership. The partnership shall be specifically authorized to continue its existence if a partner withdraws.
- (D) The Secretary must be notified in writing within 15 days of any amendments to the partnership agreement that would affect the partnership's actions under the Section 184 program.
- (ii) *Use of business name*. The lender must use its HUD-registered business name in all advertisements and promotional materials related to the guaranteed loan. HUD-registered business names include any alias or "doing business as" (DBA) on file with HUD. The lender must keep copies of all print and electronic advertisements and promotional materials for a period of 2 years from the date that the materials are circulated or used to advertise.
- (2) Employees The lender shall employ competent personnel trained to perform their assigned responsibilities in mortgage lending, including origination, servicing, and collection activities, and shall maintain adequate staff and facilities to originate and service mortgages, in accordance with applicable tribal, federal or state requirements, to the extent the lender engages in such activities.
- (3) Officers. All employees who will sign applications for guaranteed loans on behalf of the lender shall be corporate officers or shall otherwise be authorized to bind the lender in the origination transaction. The lender shall ensure that an authorized person reports all guarantees,

purchases and sales of guaranteed loans to the Secretary for the purpose of obtaining or transferring guarantee coverage.

- (4) *Business changes*. Within 15 days of a change, the lender shall provide written notification to the Secretary, in such form as prescribed by the Secretary, of:
- (i) All changes in its legal structure, including, but not limited to, mergers, acquisitions, terminations, name, location, control of ownership, and character of business; and
- (ii) Any officer, partner, director, principal, manager, supervisor, loan processor, loan underwriter, loan originator, of the lender, or the lender itself, that is subject to one or more of the sanctions in <cite sanctions section>.
 - (5) Financial Statements. (i) Annual audited financial statements. The lender shall:
 - (A) Furnish to the Secretary a copy of its most current annual audited financial statement.
 - (B) Furnish such other information as the Secretary may request; and
- (C) Submit to an examination of that portion of its records that relates to its activities under the loan guarantee program.
- (6) Quality control plan. The lender shall submit a written quality control plan in accordance with <cite QC reg>.
- (7) *Branch offices*. A lender may maintain branch offices. A lender's branch office must be registered with HUD in order to originate or submit applications for guaranteed loans. The lender shall remain responsible to the Secretary for the actions of its branch offices.
- (8) Conflict of interest and responsibility. A lender may not pay anything of value, directly or indirectly, in connection with any guaranteed loan to any person or entity if such person or entity has received any other consideration from the borrower, seller, builder, or any other person for services related to such transactions or related to the purchase or sale of the

property, except that consideration, approved by the Secretary, may be paid for services actually performed. The lender shall not pay a referral fee to any person or organization.

- (9) *Licensing certification*. A lender shall certify that it has not been refused a license and has not been sanctioned by any state or states or Indian tribes in which it will originate or guarantee loans.
- (10) *Net worth.* Irrespective of size, a lender shall have a net worth of not less than \$250,000. No less than 20 percent of the lender's required net worth must be liquid assets.
- (11) Operating Area. The lender must submit a list of states or geographic regions in which it wants to participate in the Section 184 program and include the active approvals for each state/region.

§ 1005.205 Other lender approval.

- (a) Final approval. Approval is signified by:
- (1) Written notification from HUD that the lender is approved as eligible under the Section 184 program; and
- (2) Agreement by the lender to comply with requirements of 24 CFR part 1005, as applicable; and
- (b) *Limitations on approval*. A lender may be approved to operate within Section 184 program areas in accordance with the lender's state licensing.
- (c) *Denial of participation*. A lender may be denied approval to become an eligible lender under 24 CFR 1005.201(a)(5) if HUD determines the lender does not meet the qualification requirements of this subpart. HUD will provide written notification of denial and of the right to

submit a written appeal. If participation is denied, it may be appealed in accordance with the procedures set forth in § 1005.XXX.

§ 1005.207 Lender participation level.

- (a) Lenders with approval under 1005.201(a)(1)-(5) shall be classified as non-direct guarantee lenders and such lenders may:
- (1) service Section 184 guaranteed loans, but are not permitted to underwrite or close Section 184 guaranteed loans;
- (2) originate, purchase, hold, and/or sell Section 184 guaranteed loans, if sponsored by a direct guarantee lender under 24 CFR 1005.215; and
 - (3) submit a direct guarantee lender application under 1005.209.
- (b) Lenders with approval under 1005.201(a)(1)-(5) and 1005.211 shall be classified as a direct guarantee lender. Direct guarantee lenders may underwrite, close, and service Section 184 guaranteed loans.

§ 1005.209 Direct guarantee application process.

- (a) Direct Guarantee Application Process. A lender may submit an application for participation as a direct guarantee ender on a form prescribed by the Secretary.
- (b) *Special requirements*. The lender must establish that it meets the following qualifications.
- (1) Eligibility under §§ 1005.201 (a)(1)-(4) or have HUD approval under § 1005.205 as evidenced by approval documents and most recent recertification documents.

- (2) The lender has five years of experience in the origination of loans guaranteed or insured by an agency of the Federal Government. The Secretary will approve a lender with less than five years of experience if a principal officer has had a minimum of five years of managerial experience in the origination of loans guaranteed or insured by an agency of the Federal Government.
- (3) The lender has on its permanent staff an underwriter that is authorized by the lender to bind the lender on matters involving the origination of loans as a direct guarantee lender and that is registered with the Secretary and such registration is maintained with the Secretary. The lender shall use appraisers permitted by § 1005.303(d).
- (4) The lender must submit initially ten loans processed in accordance with §§ 1005.211 and subpart C. The documents required by subpart C will be reviewed by the Secretary and, if acceptable, commitments will be issued prior to the loan guarantee. If the underwriting and processing of these 10 loans is satisfactory, then the lender shall be an approved direct guarantee lender and may be approved to close subsequent loans and submit them directly for a guarantee in accordance with subpart C. Unsatisfactory performance by the lender at this stage constitutes grounds for denial of participation in the program, or for continued review of a lender's submissions. If participation is denied, such denial is effective immediately and may be appealed in accordance with the procedures set forth in § 1005.XXX
- (5) The lender must submit a list of current mortgage brokers which the lender sponsors, if any. The following information regarding the mortgage broker included:
- (i) Contact information to include address, phone number and email address for corporate officers.
 - (ii) The Federal tax identification number (TIN) for the mortgage broker.

- (iii) Names and license numbers for all loan originators and processors.
- (6) The lender shall provide written notification to HUD of any changes that affect qualifications under this section within 15 days of the change.
- (7) If not already provided to HUD, the lender must submit a list of states or geographic regions in which it wants to participate in the Section184 program and include the active approvals for each state/region.

§ 1005.211 Direct guarantee approval.

- (a) Final approval. Approval is signified by:
- (1) Written notification from HUD that that the lender is an approved direct guarantee lender under the Section 184 program;
- (2) Agreement by the direct guarantee lender to comply with requirements of 24 CFR part 1005, as applicable, any administrative requirements issued by the Section 184 program, and any applicable Federal, state or tribal law requirement imposed on the direct guarantee lender;
- (3) Agreement by the direct guarantee lender to ensure sponsored entity's compliance with 24 CFR part 1005, as applicable; any administrative requirements issued by the Section 184 program, as applicable; and any applicable Federal, state or tribal law requirement imposed on the sponsored entity and
- (4) HUD's issuance of a loan guarantee constitutes an agreement between the Secretary and the direct guarantee lender specific to the endorsed loan and subjects the lender to all the requirements of the Section 184 program.
- (b) *Limitations on approval*. A lender may be approved to operate within Section 184 program areas in accordance the lender's state licensing.

(c) *Denial of participation*. A lender may be denied approval to become a direct guarantee if HUD determines the lender does not meet the qualification requirements of this subpart. HUD will provide written notification of denial and of the right to submit a written appeal. If participation is denied, it may be appealed in accordance with the procedures set forth in § 1005.XXX.

1005.213 Sponsorship.

- (a) Sponsor Relationships. A sponsor is an approved direct guarantee lender that enters into a relationship with a:
- (i) non-direct guarantee lender or another direct guarantee lender, whereby the sponsor provides underwriting, closing, and servicing, if applicable, of Section 184 loans; and
- (ii) mortgage broker, whereby the sponsor provides underwriting, closing and servicing of Section 184 loans.
 - (b) General Responsibility requirements of a sponsor.
- (i) Each sponsor shall be responsible to the Secretary for the actions of its sponsored entity in originating loans. If tribal or state law requires specific knowledge by the sponsor HUD shall presume sponsor had knowledge and shall remain liable.
- (ii) The sponsor is responsible for selecting and approving each sponsored entity, monitoring and ensuring compliance with 24 CFR part 1005, as applicable, and any other state or tribal law requirements.
- (iii) A sponsor must notify HUD of any changes in a sponsorship relationship within 15 days.

(c) Responsibilities of the sponsored entity. A sponsored entity must comply with 24 CFR part 1005, as applicable and any other HUD administrative requirements, and any other federal, state or tribal law requirements.

§ 1005.215 Other Requirements.

- (a) SAFE Act Compliance. Each direct guarantee lender, non-direct guarantee lender or mortgage broker engaged in Section 184 activities must ensure that it and its employees comply with the requirements of the Secure and Fair En orcement for Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008 (SAFE Act) (12 U.S.C § 1501 et seq.), including the licensing and registration of its employees in the Nationwide Multistate Licensing System.
- (b) Dual Employment. The direct guarantee lender non-direct guarantee lender or mortgage broker must require its employees to be its employees exclusively, unless the direct guarantee lender non-direct guarantee lender or mortgage broker has determined that the employee's other outside employment, including any self-employment, does not create a conflict of interest.
- (c) Quality Control Plan. Lenders eligible under 1005.201(1)-(4) must submit a quality control plan as required by its approving agency. If the approving agency does not require the submission of a quality control plan, or if a lender is approved by 1005. 205, then the lender must submit to HUD, a quality control plan in accordance with FHA requirements.
- (d) Direct guarantee lender shall submit reporting requirements to HUD, as prescribed in 1005.XXX or any HUD request for information or documentation within the time frames prescribed in the request.

(e) Direct guarantee lenders must actively market, originate, underwrite, close and service loans on tribal trust land. Non-direct guarantee lenders and mortgage brokers must actively market and originate loans on tribal trust land. HUD may impose a minimum level of activity for tribal trust land, adjusted periodically based on HUD public notice and comment. Failure to do so may result in sanctions in accordance with § 1005.XXX.

§ 1005. 217 Direct guarantee lender and non-direct guarantee lenders recertification.

- (a) Annual recertification submission. All lenders are subject to annual recertification on April 30 on form as prescribed by the Secretary.
 - (1) With each annual recertification, the lender must submit:
 - (i) A certification that it has not been refused a license by any Federal, state or states or Indian tribe(s);
- (ii) A certification that it has not been sanctioned by any Federal, state or states or Indian tribe(s) in which it will guarantee loans; and
- (iii) A renewal certification of continued eligibility from an authorizing entity listed in § 1005.201(a)(1)-(4) or approved under § 1005.205.
- (b) Lenders approved under §1005.205 must also submit updated documents required in § 1005.203(b)(5)-(7) and (11).
 - (c) Direct guarantee lenders must also submit the following:
- (1) A certification that the lender continues to meet the direct guarantee program eligibility requirements in accordance with §1005.209.

- (2) An updated list of other mortgage broker with which the direct guarantee lender has a sponsorship relationship, and a certification of their continued eligibility.
 - (3) Any reports required under (cite reporting reg).
- (d) Rectification extension request. The lender may request an extension of the recertification deadline at least 45 days before the deadline.
- (e)The Secretary will review the annual recertification and other pertinent documents and request any further information needed to decide upon recertification. The Secretary will provide written notification in the event of denial with the right to submit a written appeal.
- (f) If an annual recertification is not submitted by the deadline HUD will subject the lender to sanctions under <cite sanction regulation>.

§ 1005.219 Program Ineligibility.

- (a) *Ineligibility*. For a non-direct guarantee lender, direct guarantee lender and mortgage broker to be eligible for and maintain Section 184 approval or sponsorship, the entity or any officer, partner, director, principal, manager, supervisor, loan processor, loan underwriter, or loan originator of the entity shall not:
- (1) Be suspended, debarred, under a limited denial of participation (LDP), or otherwise restricted under 2 CFR part 2424, or under similar procedures of any other Federal agency;
- (2) Be indicted for, or have been convicted of, an offense that reflects adversely upon the integrity, competency, or fitness to meet the responsibilities of the lender to participate in the Title I or Title II programs of the National Housing Act, or Section 184 program;

- (3) Be subject to unresolved findings as a result of HUD or other governmental audit, investigation, or review;
- (4) Be engaged in business practices that do not conform to generally accepted practices of prudent lenders or that demonstrate irresponsibility;
- (5) Be convicted of, or have pled guilty or nolo contendere to, a felony related to participation in the real estate or mortgage loan industry during the 7-year period preceding the date of the application for licensing and registration, or at any time preceding such date of application, if such felony involved an act of fraud, dishonesty, or a breach of trust or money laundering;
- (6) Be in violation of provisions of the Secure and Fair Enforcement Mortgage Licensing Act of 2008 (12 U.S.C. 5101 et seq.) or any applicable provision of State law; or
 - (7) Be in violation of any other requirement established by the Secretary.
- (b) Non-direct guarantee lenders, direct guarantee lenders or mortgage brokers deemed ineligible must cease originating or underwriting Section 184 guaranteed loans. Unless otherwise directed by the Secretary, ineligible lenders may continue servicing existing loans pursuant part 1005, subpart D.